#### Script language: Python Control structures

Cédric Saule

12. Februar 2016

Universität Bielefeld

## Python

# Control structures

#### Control structures

• Command line parameters

### Control structures

- Command line parameters
- Case distinction
  - if, elif, else
  - $\circ~$  Conditional expressions

### Control structures

- Command line parameters
- Case distinction
  - if, elif, else
  - Conditional expressions
- Loop
  - while
  - for

- Importation of the module 'system'  $\rightarrow$  access to system's components. import sys
- sys.argv contains command line parameters.
- sys.argv[0] contains the script call.
- sys.argv[1..] contains all parameters.

#### Exercise

#### Write a script 'echo.py' which behaves like the shell command 'echo'.

- if <Condition>: Instructions
  - • •
  - Instructions
- else:
  - Instructions
  - . . .
  - Instructions

elif

- Frequent constructs:
  - if <Condition1>:
     Instruction1
  - if <Condition2>:

Instruction2

elif

- Frequent constructs:
  - if <Condition1>: Instruction1
  - if <Condition2>: Instruction2
- ullet ightarrow expensive

elif

- Frequent constructs:
  - if <Condition1>: Instruction1
  - if <Condition2>: Instruction2
- ullet ightarrow expensive
- better : elif
  - if <Condition1>:
     Instruction1
    elif <Condition2>:
     Instruction2

### Conditional expressions

- Alternative to if, else intruction
- Example:

if a == 1: b = 10 else: b = 1000

will become

b = (10 if a == 1 else 1000)

- Elegant (but unreadable) code
- Lazy evaluation

Implement a script which waits for three arguments from the command line. The first argument is one of the following arithmetic operators [+,-,\*,/] which will be applied to the next arguments. Result should be output in STDOUT. Example:

```
> count.py - 1 2
> -1
> count.py / 20 4
> 5
```

- while <Condition>: Instruction
   Instruction
- Instructions are running while the condition is fulfilled.

• Interupts the loop.

. . .

- while <Condition>:
  - if (Condition2): break

#### continue

- Interupts a single iteration
- while <Condition1>:

. . .

. . .

if <Condition2>: continue Is executed once

. . .

• while <Condition>:

else:

Instruction

• Useful in connection with break

• for <var> in <Object>: Instruction ...

Instruction

- Object must be *iterable* → *Module/Object*
- break, continue or else usable

• for i in range(5): print i

range is a built-in function

 for c in 'Hello World': print c

An object string is *iterable*.

### Read from STDIN

- Simple user input via STDIN
- Input([prompt]) -> value
- Typical instruction: year = input(''Birth year ? '')

Exercise

Change the previous exercise so that when it is called without arguments, the script ask for the arithmetic operations and the two arguments from STDIN.